

How can we promote Sustainable Public Procurement?

A workshop building on experiences at local level.

EURODIACONIA SOCIAL POLICY DAYS STRENGTHENING SOCIAL EUROPE

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1 Sustainable Public procurement in Germany

Public Procurement in Germany According to German Procurement Statistics (www.destatis.de)

Relevance of Public Procurement in German economics in 2019*

- 35 % of public spending
- 15 % BIP

German Public Procurement Statistics 2021**

- Contracts: 182.033
- Contract-volume: 103.9 bn €

Sustainable Procurement in Germany 2021**

- 22.894 contracts
- 13,7 % of the contacts above threshold
- 86,3 % of the contracts below threshold
- Contract-volumen 28.062 mio €

^{*} https://www.oecd.org/publications/offentliche-vergabe-in-deutschland-48df1474-de.htm

^{**} https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Staat/Oeffentliche-Finanzen/Vergabestatistik/_inhalt.html#sprg622380

Securing social services in Germany



- Admission Contract under Triangular System
- Public Contract
- Public Funding

Right of choice between economic operators for beneficiaries.

Triangular System

Non exclusive contracts

Plurality of

economic

operators

Mandatory for contracts within the triangular system

Esp. help for disabled. nursing, child aid State directed help and management of large case-loads

Public Contract

No specific rights for the beneficiaries

Partly legally prescribed, partly within discretion of social authorities

Esp. labour market services. debt consultation, support for refugées

State financed support for private intiatives that serve as well a public

Public funding

Under EU State aid law

No contract

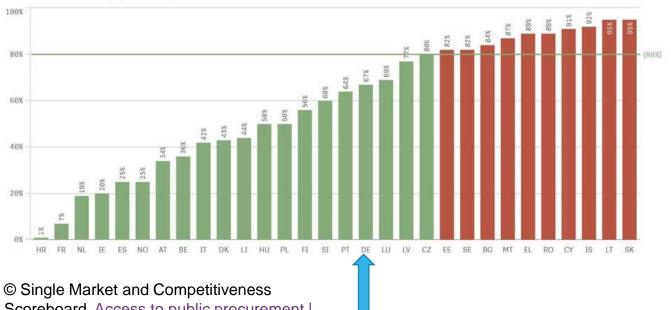
No legal claim to funding

Esp. consulting, women's shelters.

Home truths from TED

Indicator [5]: Award criteria

This chart measures the proportion of procedures awarded solely because the offer was the cheapest one available.



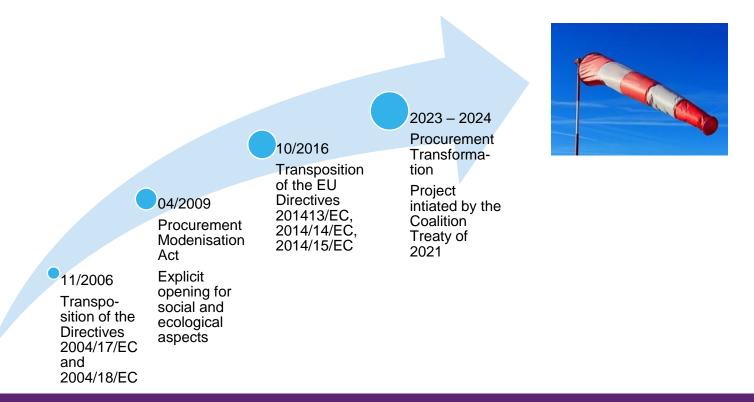
"While the choice of criteria depends on what is being purchased, over-reliance on price suggests better criteria could have been applied, so a better purchase could have been made.

The indicator reflects how public buyers choose the companies they award contracts to.

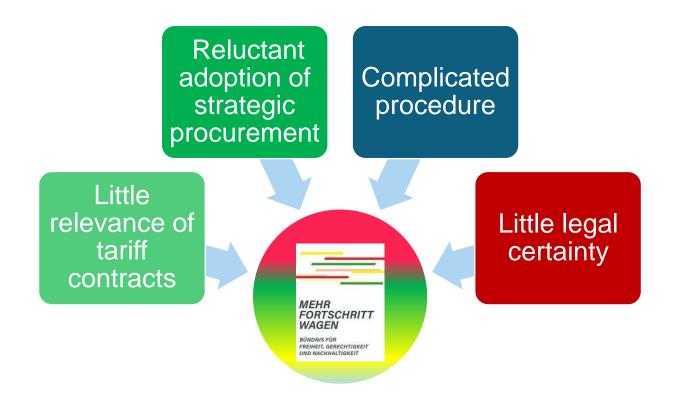
Specifically, it shows whether they decide based on price alone, or whether they also consider quality."

Scoreboard, Access to public procurement |
Single Market and Competitiveness
Scoreboard (europa.eu)

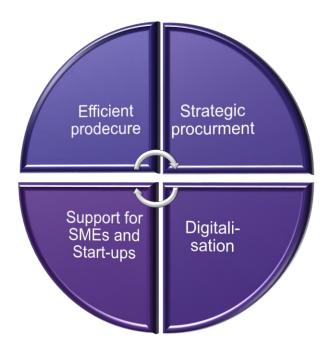
Development of sustainable public procurement in German Procurement Law



Motives for the Transformation Project



Goals of the Transformation Project



Open question: Do we have a legal or practical implementation problem?

Procedure:

- Initial Stakeholder-consultation (01-06/23)
- Legal drafts (IV/2023)
- Stake-holder participation (IV/2023)
- Legislative process (I II/2024)

Outcome:

Weighing of the different, partly clashing goals and stakeholder-input

Stipulation for all goals Legal certainty

2 Sustainable procurement of social services

Challeneges to the Social State



Challenges to the social state

- growing need of social help
- reduced public funds,
- less staff to render social services,
- ecological transformation includes social infrastruction.

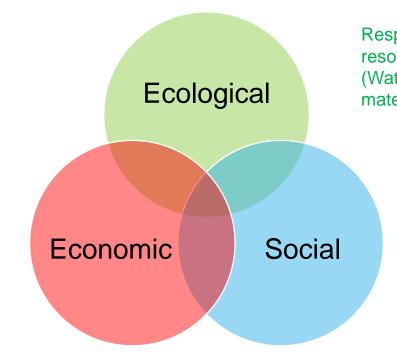
Focus of public procurement on sustainablilty is part of the problem solving no new fangled luxury

Dimensions of sustainability

Long-term capacity of

branches

the social state and its



Responsible consume of resources (Water, energy, raw materials)

Maintenance or even improvement of the social context, in which social services are performed (employment, labour conditions, social infrastructure)

See in detail 17 Sustainable Development Goals der UN (SDGs)



Maintenance or even improvement of the social context, in which social services are performed (employment, labour conditions, social infrastructure)

Subject matter of contract: social services

The procurement of social services does not imply that the procurement itself is socially sustainable: problematic consequences of rigourous price-competition explored in a 2023 study by Sigrid Betzelt, Ingo Bode and Sarina Parschick

Issues of social sustainable procurement of social services:

- 1. Inclusion of disadvantaged persons
- 2. Tarif wages: price-competition about wages
- 3. Social infrastructure and monopson-position of the contracting authority
- 4. Gender, antidiscrimination, cultural sensitivity
- 5. Infrastructure in economically unattractive areas, closing the urban-rural gap



Maintenance or even improvement of the social context, in which social services are performed (employment, labour conditions, social infrastructure)

- LWL is a Local government association in Nordrhein-Westfalen:
- performing duties belonging to municipal autonomy (esp. social, cultural)
- 27 member municipalities
- Profiting of synergies and better efficiency





Social

Gesellschaftliches Umfeld, in dem die Leistung erbracht wird, bleibt erhalten oder wird verbessert (Arbeitsplatzerhalt, Arbeitsbedingungen, Infrastruktur)

- > Political motive: better employment chances for handicapped people
- Side effect: successful employment reduces the need for public help
 - Socially and economically sustainable
- Instruments:
 - reserved contracts Article 20 Directive 2014/24/EC and ist transposition § 118 Competition Law
 - § 141 Book IX Social Law Book and its transposition in Nordrhein-Westfalen: possibility to prefer Sheltered Workshops and Inklusion Enterprises by
 - Preferred treatment in public procurement
 - Assessment of Tenders: for contracts with a value of no more than 10.0000 offered prices receive a reduction by 15 %, possible even 15 %
 - > E.g. Offered price 9.000 € → considered only 7.650 €
 - Exclusive competition only for sheltered workshops and Inclusion entreprises
- Conditions for Contract Performance



Gesellschaftliches Umfeld, in dem die Leistung erbracht wird, bleibt erhalten oder wird verbessert (Arbeitsplatzerhalt, Arbeitsbedingungen, Infrastruktur)

- Differentiated system
 - Below contract volume of 10.000 €: price reduction between 5 15 %
 - Above contract volume of 10.000 €: negotiation procedure and exclusive competition for inclusion enterprises
 - Above threshold:
 - Reserved contracts for sheltered workshops and inclusion enterprises
 - Conditions for contract performance (inbclusion of at least 25 % of staff with handicapped people)



Gesellschaftliches Umfeld, in dem die Leistung erbracht wird, bleibt erhalten oder wird verbessert (Arbeitsplatzerhalt, Arbeitsbedingungen, Infrastruktur)

- ➤ In practice between 2014 and 2017
 - Branches: facility management, transport and disposal, conference and accomodation, catering, others
 - Number of contracts 683
 - Volume 2.700.000 €

Ecologic sustainablilty in the procurement of social services (SGD 12: sustainable consume and production)



Responsible consume of resources (Water, energy, raw materials)

Subject matter of contract: social services

Application on the performance of social services must observe the relation to the subject matter:

- Labour market services: e.g. training for work in gastronomy, craft and technical work,
 IT → Scope 3
- Transfer-services for participants:
- Catering during the trainings: vegetrian catering, reuse tableware
- Office materials: reduction of paper-consume; reclyed paper-policy

Procurement practice:

- Best practice: Hamburg Labour Market training
- Market-consultations (Article 40):
 - Professional training-conditions in the 1st labour-market: Precautions for ecologicalls sustainable work-conditions?
 - Subjects for training: necessary knowledge and skills for sustainable work
- Conditions for performance of contracts (Article 70) → Scope 3
 - Office materials: 100 % recycled paper (scope
 - Energy: energy only from regenerative sources; switching off-policy after hours
 - Waste-separation in order to facilitate recycling

Economic sustainablilty in the procurement of social services (SDG 9: Industry, infrastructure, innovation)



Long-term capacity of the social state and its branches

Section 127 Subsection 1 Competition Law (Gesetz gegen Wettbewerbsbeschränkungen, GWB): "The most economically advantageous tender is determined according to the best price-quality ratio. Apart from the price or costs, to determine this, qualitative, environmental or social aspects may also be taken into account."

Procurement practice:

- De facto the procurement of social services is determined nearly always on the basis of the lowest price tendered.
- Counter-measures:
 - Competition about performance quality and economic cost-calculation
 - Comparative value or rather standard value method: allows to determine a relation between credits for performance and calculated costs. Important: a realistic corridor above and below the tender with best cost.
 - Life-cycle-costs: possible where the service performance calls for goods

Diakonie



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